

MACHINE DASHES THROUGH OPENING IN DRAWBRIDGE

Carries Two of Its Passengers to Death in Water.

OTHERS BARELY MAKE ESCAPE

Taylor Nelms and Miss Dorothy Ward Not Seen Again After Their Car Plunges Into Nansemond River—Danger Signal Set, but Brakes Fail to Work.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Smithfield, Va., August 3.—Hanging through the night along the road which runs from Smithfield to Suffolk, a motor car, driven by Don Ward, of Moonlight, failed to respond when brakes were applied, and, rushing through an open draw, plunged twenty feet into the river.

In the automobile were Don Ward and his sister, Dorothy Ward, of Moonlight; Gladys Cofer and Lucy Cofer, sisters of Smithfield, and Taylor Nelms, of Smithfield.

Miss Dorothy Ward and Taylor Nelms were drowned, the other three occupants of the car swimming to shore.

River Drags for Bodies. To-night the bodies of the girl and young man, but as the water is forty feet deep where the accident occurred, the search has been unsuccessful.

Shortly before 9 o'clock, the party of five left Smithfield for a run to Suffolk, twenty miles distant, in a motor car owned by W. L. Ward, father of the young man who drove and of the girl who lost her life.

Five miles from Smithfield, at Reed's Ferry, the highway crosses a branch of the Nansemond River by a bridge in which is a "draw" for the passing of vessels.

The draw was open, and colored lights signaled the danger to the occupants of the machine.

Don Ward suddenly saw the open space opening before him, and, applying foot and hand brakes, made superhuman effort to check the speed of the car, but neither the momentum was too great or the brakes refused to act, for the machine with engines loudly racing, plunged thirty feet to the bottom of the stream.

Three Struggle to Shore. Don Ward and the Misses Cofer, struggling and swimming, managed to reach the shore, but neither Miss Ward nor Taylor Nelms were seen after the car struck the water.

A message was sent to Smithfield, and the bodies of all sorts rushed to the scene of the accident. An attempt was at once made to recover the bodies of Nelms and Miss Ward, but without success.

Don Ward and the Misses Cofer were driven back to Smithfield, and are now here.

Car Takes Long Plunge. Huntingdon, Va., August 3.—In attempting to pass an automobile on a narrow road skirting the Mud River east of Blue Sulphur Springs, near here, Joseph L. Cook, aged sixty, running his new automobile for the first time, caused it to plunge down a thirty-foot embankment into the river. Mrs. Cook and her son, Russell, three years old, were hurled out of the car. Cook remained in the machine until it hit the bottom. Mrs. Cook received probably fatal injuries, according to physicians at the hospital here. The baby was badly bruised and Mr. Cook seriously injured.

DEMOCRATS PREPARE TO HASTEN MATTERS

Long Sessions Will Add to Speed of Tariff Legislation.

CONGRESS GETTING RESTIVE

Republicans Dislike Idea of Currency Bill Being Forced on Them.

Washington, August 3.—Four months of the extra session of the Democratic Congress have passed with the tariff revision bill still in the early stages of consideration by the Senate, the lobby investigation about to become a double-barreled affair, with the Senate and House committees probing the Mexican situation engaging deep interest in both branches, and Republicans getting restive in the heat over President Wilson's determination to force currency legislation on what they term a "tired out" Congress.

As for the tariff bill, its passage by the Senate in its present form is conceded, the only doubt now existing being as to the time the task will be completed. This depends, according to minority Senators, on some definite understanding being reached as to what is to be expected of them on the currency. Intimations that they would not be in the mood to hasten tariff deliberations if they are to be kept here after the passage of the bill, to enact currency legislation, continue to be made by the regular Republicans, their argument being that early adjournment is the only inducement to hurry the tariff along.

Prepared to Hasten Bill. Democratic leaders, however, are preparing to exert all the force of their majority to hasten the tariff along, and next week they intend to discuss the measure seven hours a day, beginning at 11 o'clock each morning. Later, it is proposed to hold night sessions. They have it in their power to force long sessions, no matter how much

CHURCH BEARS LABORING MAN TO POWERS OF MONEY

House of Bishops Led in Tow by Wall Street.

RELIGION RUN BY PLUTOCRATS

Rev. George Chalmers Richmond Denounces Episcopal Church as Snobbish and Morally Incompetent, and Excoriates Bishops Greer and Rhinelander.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Philadelphia, Pa., August 3.—"Our House of Bishops is led in tow by Wall Street. The late J. P. Morgan was the power behind Bishop Greer, and he held our House of Bishops in the hollow of his hand."

The Cathedral on Morningside Heights is a standing monument to our New York corrupt money power. It is the embodiment of ecclesiastical snobbishness, spiritual frippery, and moral incompetency.

"Since the day of Bishop Potter the Diocese of New York has been in the control of half a dozen plutocrats. In Philadelphia the Episcopal Church is run by a few rich men. They control the bishop (Rhinelander), who, in mental ability, personal authority and moral aggressiveness is not by any means a great man."

"August Belmont is at the head of our racket game. His career is one of the worst careers for an American youth to imitate. Yet he is a vestryman in the Church of the Ascension, on lower Fifth Avenue."

These quotations are from a sermon delivered to-day in St. John's Episcopal Church by the rector, Rev. George Chalmers Richmond, Mr. Richmond, who made a national figure, excoriated Bishop Greer, of New York, his own Bishop Rhinelander and "present-day hypocrites" in the Episcopal Church.

Mr. Richmond charges that the church has for years betrayed the interests of the laboring man. He bitterly attacks Bishop Greer as a "rich man's bishop," and calls the men whom the bishop has designated to manage the general conventions of the church, who convenes next November, "a set of moral vagabonds."

"Bishop Greer has banded together infamous financiers, corrupt politicians and a lot of corporation lawyers, with a choice set of Newport and Bar Harbor socialites, who spend three or four months of the year drawing dividends in New York, the winter at Palm Beach, the spring in Italy, and the rest of their time in bed," said Mr. Richmond.

"Several of the men in this list stand openly for immoral practices of the worst sort. Such a man is August Belmont, a vestryman in the Church of the Ascension, on lower Fifth Avenue, and now the treasurer of the committee on arrangements for the general convention."

"Bishop Greer insulted the best moral sentiment of his diocese by honoring a man who stands at the head of our American race track gamblers. Belmont stands evidently for just what Richard Canfield stood for. This sermon was written out on the porch of the United States Hotel at Saratoga. Greer, deceit, trickery and devilry will reveal for a month or more, and

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they may dislike the hard work during the heated season, are anxious to make a complete tariff record in this debate for future reference.

Part of the Democratic plans to get the tariff bill on the statute books as soon as possible, is to refrain from making set speeches, contending themselves with intermittent arguments on the amendments as they are proposed by the minority. Taunting efforts to the opposition thus far have failed to arouse the majority into a talkative mood. Chairman Simmons and other members of the Finance Committee are busy keeping the temper of their colleagues down, and one Senator remarked the other day that whenever a Democrat showed signs of delivering himself of a long speech, some members of the committee would rush over and put a muzzle on him.

Part of Party Plan. Senator Walsh talked Saturday, but that was part of the majority plan to make clear the party solidarity, the Montana Senator having been considered none too staunchly in favor of the measure because of free wool. Senator Walsh's position by coming out flatly in support of the bill.

This week will bring the Senate to the light over free sugar, and prolonged discussion is certain. Senator Smith, of Mississippi, is planning to attack free sugar, and Senator Ransdell, of Louisiana, one of the two Democrats who will vote against the bill. Senator Smith's argument following that made by his colleague, Senator Thornton, last week. Before the sugar schedule is reached, however, the metal schedule will be taken up, there being two minority substitutes to be proposed, one by Senator Oliver, for the regular Republicans, and another by Senator Cummins for Progressive Republicans. Determined opposition by the divided minority is to be conducted against the majority's slashing of the rates in this schedule, but no change in the measure is anticipated, the Democrats having demonstrated their complete mastery of the situation.

Currency legislation will not get very far during the week, the Glass-Owen bill being still in the House committee, which will meet to-morrow to take the formal vote on referring it to the Senate.

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FOREIGN NATIONS SEEKING BASES IN ATLANTIC WATERS

England Contemplates Great Naval Station in Bermudas.

PROBLEM RAISED IS TREMENDOUS

Very Life of Monroe Doctrine May Be Involved, and Complete Change in Foreign Naval Policy of Western Hemisphere Brought About.

Washington, August 3.—Keen interest has been aroused in official circles here by a report reaching the State Department that Great Britain is contemplating a great naval base in the Bermuda Islands. It is authoritatively stated that the British government has made inquiry concerning the plans of the United States for protection of the Panama Canal route, and it has been suggested that this indicates an intention to safeguard British shipping through the Isthmus as is done in the Mediterranean.

Officials realized that the problem raised is a tremendous one, involving as it may the very life of the Monroe Doctrine and making, perhaps, a complete revolution in foreign naval policy in the Western Hemisphere, for it is expected that if Great Britain changes her naval policy in American Atlantic waters, other European nations probably will follow suit. While these changes may be expected in the Atlantic waters and the West Indies, officials likewise realize that with the opening of the canal, the United States must contend with Japan for domination of the Pacific.

The British royal navy abandoned its naval stations in this country about ten years ago, when the United States gave up the idea of the construction of the Panama Canal, and set about digging the big waterway across Panama, whose approaching completion bids fair to revolutionize international relations.

From its West Indian stations, the royal navy maintained stations at Esquimaux, British Columbia, and Halifax, Nova Scotia.

There once was a plan to strengthen the British fleet in the Atlantic by greatly increasing the fleet of the United States, overlooking the Strait of Juan de Fuca, in order to make that an important base, but both these stations now have a merely nominal existence. The government of the Dominion of Canada, and are little more than recruiting stations for the royal navy. British troops were withdrawn from St. Lucia, in the West Indies, in 1906.

The three light draft cruisers—the Aetolus, Melpomene and the Sincere, which are little more than recruiting stations for the royal navy, are now stationed at the Strait of Juan de Fuca, in order to make that an important base, but both these stations now have a merely nominal existence.

The presence of the British fleet in the Atlantic waters, and the fact that the British fleet is now stationed at the Strait of Juan de Fuca, in order to make that an important base, but both these stations now have a merely nominal existence.

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STORY OF NEGRO MAY DECIDE CASE

On His Evidence Charge Against Frank Will Stand or Fall.

Atlanta, Ga., August 3.—Having devoted an entire week to the introduction of evidence designed to show that Leo M. Frank had ample opportunity to kill fourteen-year-old Mary Phagan, for which crime he is now being tried, attorneys for the State are expected, when the case is resumed to-morrow, to direct their efforts toward fastening the murder directly upon the accused.

That Solicitor-General Dorsey has worked systematically to forge a chain of circumstantial evidence against Frank during the past week is generally conceded. It is also believed that the greater part of the State's evidence has been introduced with the idea of leading up to the testimony of the negro witness, James Conley, by which it is believed the State's case will stand or collapse.

While the State placed only twenty-six witnesses under oath at the beginning of the trial, thirty have been called to the witness stand, and more will be introduced during the coming week.

It is admitted by both the prosecution and the defense that Conley's appearance upon the stand will be the crisis of the case. It is predicted with confidence that when Conley tells of having assisted Frank in disposing of the girl's body, the defense will endeavor to extract from the negro an admission that he, and not Frank, was the murderer. Solicitor-General Dorsey has expressed his firm belief in Conley's story.

It was not expected to-night by those familiar with the case that the negro Conley would be placed on the stand before Tuesday.

STATE CAMPAIGN BOILS OVER AS IT WEARS CLOSE

Brown and Pollard Answer Attacks—Governor Observes Sunday.

MORGAN SHEPHERD HOT AFTER KOINER

Feature of Close of Campaign Is Stuart's Strong Indorsement of Keezell for the House—Close Fight in the County of Henrico for Legislature.

On the eve of the battle of ballots, which comes as a climax to the Democratic campaign for State offices to-morrow, candidates for Lieutenant-Governor, Attorney-General and Commissioner of Agriculture are putting the finishing touches to the work which has occupied them for the past few months. The effort of all now is to get out the vote, each candidate centering his energies in making it certain that those who are for him do not forget to go to the polls.

Features of the closing hours of the campaign were three statements issued to-night and printed herewith: J. Thompson Brown, a leading former President Paul B. Barringer, of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute, in regard to the United Agricultural Board; John Garland Pollard, answering attacks made on him at Kenbridge on Saturday by Judge Samuel W. Williams and S. Gordon Cumming, and B. Morgan Shepherd, managing editor of the Southern Planter, making a hot reply to George W. Koiner, assistant Commissioner of Agriculture, who had made statements at Kenbridge which were false, and which the Commissioner knew to be false, comparing his methods to those of a cuttlefish.

No Statement on Sunday. Governor William Hodges, who declined last night to make any comment on the attack made on him by Dr. Barringer, saying that he did not intend to issue a political statement on Sunday. He was in Kenbridge yesterday for a time with Mr. Brown. Both Messrs. Brown and Koiner were in Richmond yesterday. Mr. Brown would go back to his home in Bedford to-day to vote. John Garland Pollard will close his campaign with an address before the John Garland Pollard Club of Richmond at Belvidere Hall to-night. He speaks in Emporia to-day at 2 o'clock. Judge Williams was in Lynchburg yesterday, and will go on to his home in Wytheville to-day. Mr. Cumming spent Sunday in Richmond, and will go to his home in Hampton to-day.

Wedderburn's Name on Ticket. The name of Mr. Wedderburn must go on the tickets, and ballots cast for him must be counted, although he has informally retired in favor of Mr. Elyson. Acting State Chairman Edward Echols said yesterday that he had received no communication whatever from Mr. Wedderburn touching his name on the ticket, and that he had no steps had therefore been taken toward keeping Mr. Wedderburn's name off the ballots. Mr. Wedderburn seems to have ignored the party announcement that he had retired, and in a most informal manner, through the press and in letters to political clubs, which had invited him to speak. Acting Chairman Echols added that he had not received any word about the election law requiring the ballots to be printed ten days before the election, as no one had called his attention to that provision, and it seems to have been a general oversight.

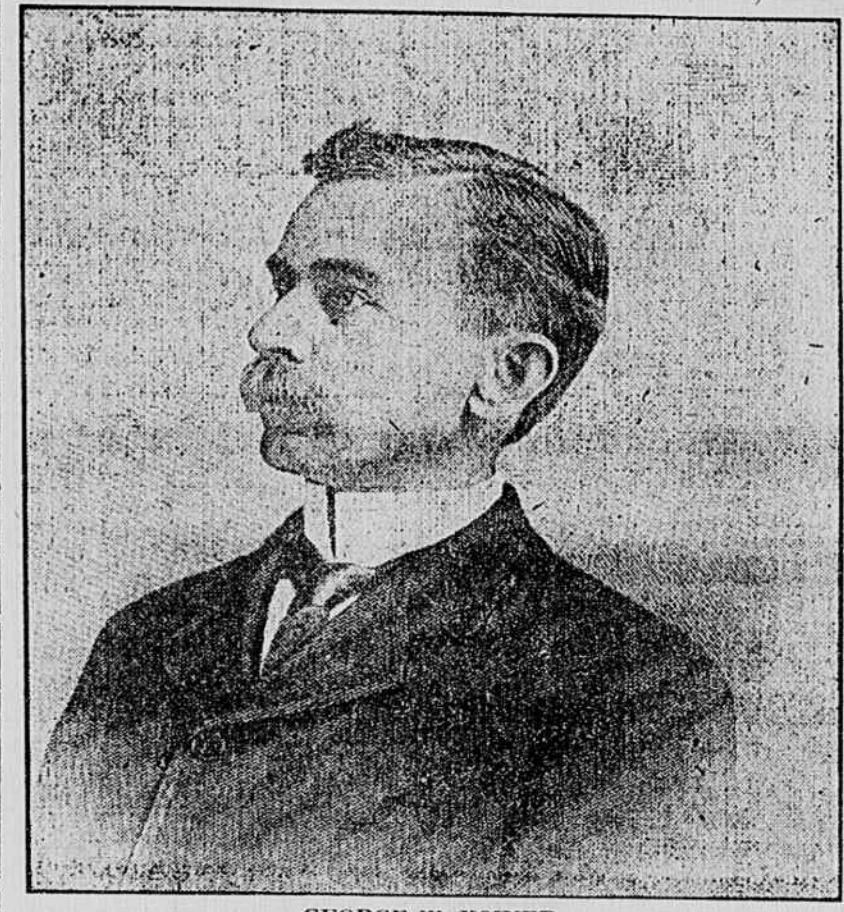
In many places, it is stated, the party authorities held the printing of the ballots back to the last in the expectation that Mr. Cumming would retire persistent and insist on his name being printed. He has, however, retired, and the committee has prepared ballots which

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Familiar With Situation. Having taken part in many battles, Hay is familiar with the military situation.

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HE IS CALLED "CUTTLEFISH"



GEORGE W. KOINER, Commissioner of Agriculture. MANAGING EDITOR OF THE SOUTHERN PLANTER CHARGES HIM WITH MAKING STATEMENTS HE KNEW TO BE FALSE, AND LIKENS HIS METHODS TO THOSE OF A CUTTLEFISH.

DEFIANCE OF HUERTA BECLOUDS SITUATION

Mexican President Will Neither Resign Nor Brook Interference.

REBELS ARE MORE ACTIVE

Pushing Fight to Have Embargo on War Supplies Lifted.

Washington, August 3.—Official Washington read with keen interest to-day the declaration of Aureliano Urutia, Mexican Minister of the Interior, that Provisional President Huerta would resign, and, moreover, would not interfere with foreigners in his administration. While no plan that the American government has had under serious consideration involved any direct interference in Mexican affairs, the admitted attitude of the administration here is one of unalterable opposition to the recognition of the Huerta regime. Without the recognition of the United States, leading Mexicans would be brought to heel, and the Provisional President Huerta to resign. The announcement that he has determined not to do so has beclouded the situation and has spurred the Constitutionalists to further activity to obtain the repeal of the embargo on arms. They claim that if they do not get arms the revolution will be a protracted struggle. With munitions of war, they say they can quickly bring matters to a crisis.

General Eduardo Hay, who has been selected by the Constitutionalists as their spokesman, now is in Washington and will present the view of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee this week.

Familiar With Situation. Having taken part in many battles, Hay is familiar with the military situation.

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Machine Is Splintered. The heavy electric motor, with the full force of the train behind it, struck the limousine squarely in the centre.

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KOINER IS MAKING FALSE STATEMENTS, SAYS SHEPHERD

Compares Commissioner of Agriculture to Cuttlefish.

CALLS RECORD ONE OF DISCORD

Managing Editor of Southern Planter Declares Koiner Made Statement at Kenbridge Which He Knew to Be False—Lobbied Only for Salary.

In answer to an attack made upon the Southern Planter by Mr. Koiner, Commissioner of Agriculture, in a speech made at Kenbridge on Saturday, B. Morgan Shepherd, managing editor of the Southern Planter, has sent the following letter to The Times-Dispatch:

Mr. Shepherd's Letter. To the Editor of The Times-Dispatch: Sir,—I see from your report of the Brown-Koiner debate at Kenbridge on Saturday, that Koiner, in his extremity, revived a campaign against which was exposed in The Times-Dispatch of Sunday, July 26, 1909.

He says: "The Southern Planter has paid its respects to me because I stopped an attack on the Southern Planter, which I did not consider proper."

This statement is false in every particular, and Koiner knows it is false. Your issue above referred to contains the history of our contract with the State Board of Agriculture, involving \$250 per year.

This contract was terminated by us eight months before our issue above brought up here from his little North Carolina store and appointed commissioner.

We challenged this falsehood four years ago and opened our books to the public, as we knew Koiner would never show the records in his office.

Koiner's slur at our former editor, J. E. Jackson, for not being a voter, is his usual custom of explaining his own many delinquencies.

Koiner knows mighty well why the Southern Planter opposes him. It is his lobby. He knows his continuous record of discord with boards and every other agricultural agency in the State.

It knows that he has never assisted in securing any aid from the Legislature of any measure of relief to the farmers, nor has he ever proposed one.

His only legislative efforts have been to have his own salary raised, and he has lobbied hard for several years at practically every session of the General Assembly furthering such a measure.

B. MORGAN SHEPHERD, Managing Editor, Southern Planter, Richmond, Va.

THEY STAND PAT

Express Companies Expect Business to Return to Them.

Washington, August 3.—Firm in their belief that Postmaster General Burleson's order extending the scope of the parcel post will result in so serious a deficit that rates will be speedily raised to their old standard, the express companies have decided to "stand pat" and refuse competition with the government as carriers. Local agents of these corporations to-day predicted that the extension of the parcel post, under General Burleson's mandate, would come about in short order. Their stand is that of Senator Bryan, of Florida, who is fighting Burleson on the ground that the government will lose money through the operation of the new parcel post rates.

Miners Are Entombed. A glass of the Cadder Colliery, twelve miles from this city, caught fire to-day, and the miners are hopelessly entombed in it.

Castro Causing Grave Concern

Washington Is Worried by Fresh Revolution in Venezuela.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, August 3.—The revolution started by former President Castro in Venezuela is giving the United States grave concern. An inquiry is already under way to ascertain whether there are any agencies in the United States aiding Castro by shipping arms or munitions of war to Venezuelan ports or in other ways. This inquiry, it is stated, began the moment the starting news came that Castro had eluded the vigilance of American consuls in the neighborhood of Venezuela. It is hinted here that some of the parties in the old asphalt controversy which led to the expulsion of Castro may have financed the present revolt.

The cruiser Des Moines will sail to-morrow from Brunswick, Ga., for La Guayra, Venezuela. The future action of the United States will have on board Henry F. Tennant, who was recently second secretary of the United States embassy at Mexico City, but who will now be accredited to Venezuela. The future action of the United States will have on board Henry F. Tennant, who was recently second secretary of the United States embassy at Mexico City, but who will now be accredited to Venezuela. The future action of the United States will have on board Henry F. Tennant, who was recently second secretary of the United States embassy at Mexico City, but who will now be accredited to Venezuela.

Army Leaves Caracas. The expeditionary army mobilized to invade the States where rebel forces are operating left Caracas to-day.

The government to-day announced that the Federal forces had achieved two new victories in the State of Tachira. At Urena, Colonel Nieto is reported to have defeated General Figueroa, and at Espinazo Caballo, (Continued on Second Page.)